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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
9	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
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11	BARCIMEO MERINO CANDELARIA,	No. 1:24-cv-01510-KES-SKO (HC)				
12	Petitioner,	ORDER ADOPTING FINDINGS AND				
13		RECOMMENDATIONS, DISMISSING PETITION FOR WRIT OF HABEAS				
14	v.	CORPUS WITHOUT PREJUDICE, DECLINING TO ISSUE CERTIFICATE OF APPEALABILITY, AND DIRECTING				
15		CLERK OF COURT TO ENTER JUDGMENT AND CLOSE CASE				
16	TRISTAN LEMON, Warden,	Doc. 6				
17	Respondent.					
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20		ia is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma				
21	pauperis with a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. This matter was					
22	referred to a United States Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local					
23	Rule 302.					
24	On February 4, 2025, the assigned magistrate judge issued findings and recommendations					
25	to dismiss the petition without prejudice for failure to exhaust state remedies. Doc. 6. Those					
26	findings and recommendations were served upon all parties and contained notice that any					
27	objections thereto were to be filed within fourteen (14) days after service. No objections have					
28	been filed, and the deadline to do so has expired.					
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In accordance with the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1), the Court has conducted a de novo review of the case. Having carefully reviewed the entire file, the Court concludes that the findings and recommendations are supported by the record and proper analysis.

Having found that petitioner is not entitled to habeas relief, the Court now turns to whether a certificate of appealability should issue. A petitioner seeking a writ of habeas corpus has no absolute entitlement to appeal a district court's denial of his petition, and an appeal is allowed only in certain circumstances. *Miller-El v. Cockrell*, 537 U.S. 322, 335-36 (2003); 28 U.S.C. § 2253. Where, as here, the Court denies habeas relief on procedural grounds without reaching the underlying constitutional claims, the Court should issue a certificate of appealability "if jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the petition states a valid claim of the denial of a constitutional right and that jurists of reason would find it debatable whether the district court was correct in its procedural ruling." *Slack v. McDaniel*, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000). "Where a plain procedural bar is present and the district court is correct to invoke it to dispose of the case, a reasonable jurist could not conclude either that the district court erred in dismissing the petition or that the petitioner should be allowed to proceed further." *Id*.

In the present case, the Court finds that reasonable jurists would not find the Court's determination that the petition should be dismissed debatable or wrong, or that petitioner should be allowed to proceed further. Therefore, the Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.

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1	Accordingly,						
2	1.	1. The findings and recommendations issued on February 4, 2025, Doc. 6, are					
3		adopted in full;					
4	2.	The petition for writ of habeas corpus is dismissed without prejudice;					
5	3.	The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment and close the case; and					
6	4.	The Court declines to issue a certificate of appealability.					
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9	IT IS SO ORDERED.			finh frug			
10	Dated: _	March 27, 2025		· ·	DISTRICT JUDGE		
11				UNITED STATES	DISTRICT JUDGE		
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